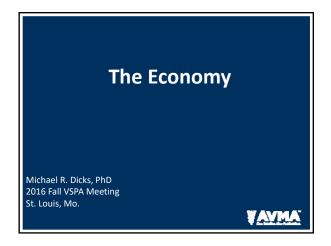
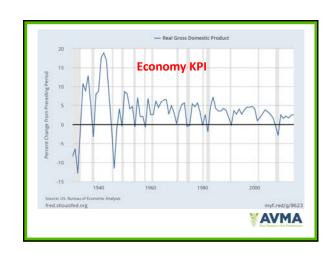


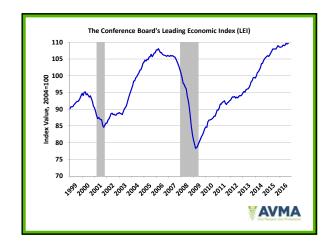
## Where are we going?

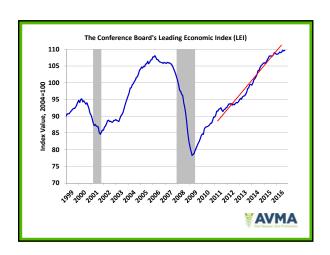
- Consumer disposable income
  - Economy Drives the consumer expenditures
- Veterinary Education Market
  - Applicants enter the veterinary pipeline SUPPLY
- Veterinary Service Market
  - Animal owners start services pipeline DEMAND
- Market for Veterinarians
  - · Meeting of veterinary and services pipeline
- Veterinary Practices
  - Business unit for veterinary medicine

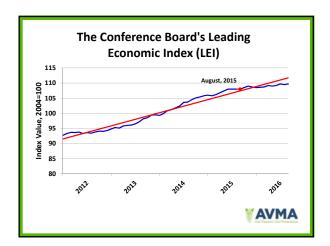




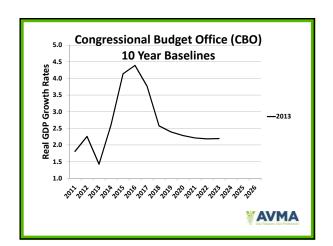


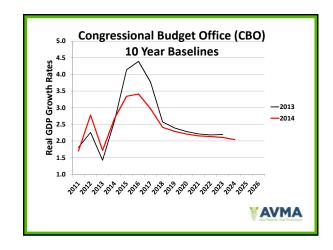


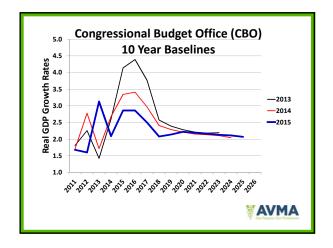


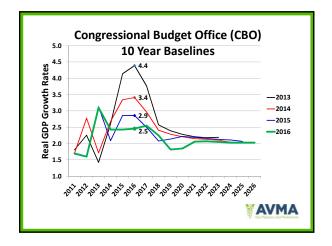


BUSINESS CYCLE Recession Periods	Peak to trough	Previous trough
July 1953 - May 1954	10	45
August 1957 - April 1958	8	39
April 1960 - February 1961	10	24
December 1969 - November 1970	11	106
November 1973 - March 1975	16	36
January 1980 - July 1980	6	58
July 1981 - November 1982	16	12
July 1990 - March 1991	8	92
March 2001 - November 2001	8	120
Dec 2007 - June 2009	18	73
Average, 1953-2009 (10 cycles)	11	61
Current Cycle		89

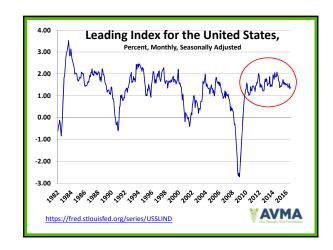




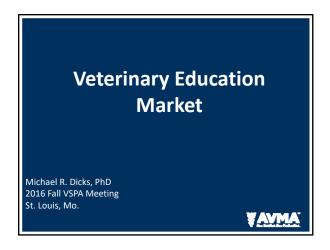


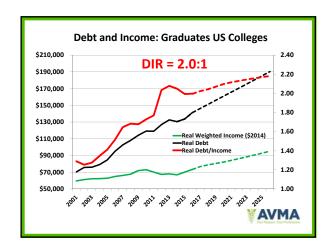


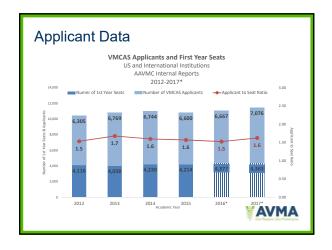


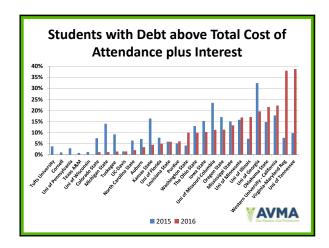


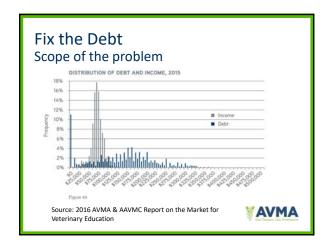


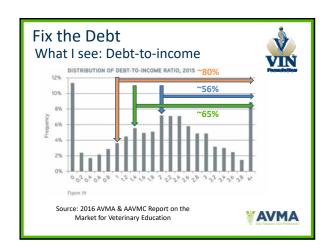


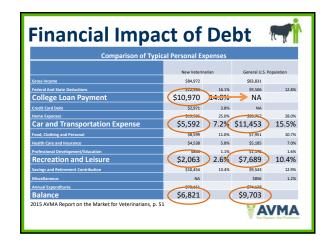


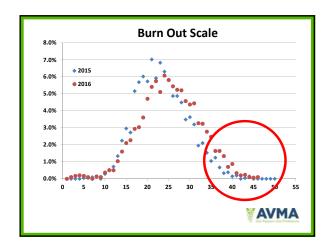






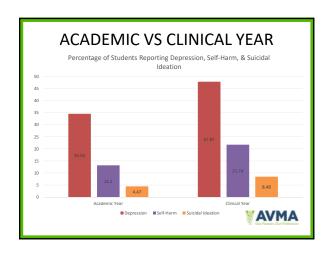






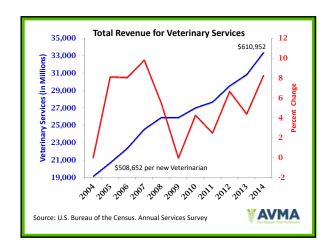
	201	6	201	5
Dependent Variable: Burnout Scale	Coefficient	P Value	Coefficient	P Value
(Constant)	37.044	0.000	36.151	0.000
Satisfaction with current employment	-2.707	0.000	-2.594	0.000
Food animal practice (predominant)			-3.891	0.000
Food animal practice (exclusive)			-3.329	0.000
Equine practice			-1.657	0.008
Not-for-profit organizations	-4.629	0.024		
Hours Worked per week	0.08	0.000	0.054	0.000
How well your education has prepared you to be a veterinarian	-1.055	0.000	-1.188	0.000
Gender: Female=1/ Male=0	1.04	0.002		
Educational Debt	4.275E-06	0.032		
Ethnicity - Black/African American	-3.385	0.038		
Ethnicity - Hispanic/Latino			-2.79	0.001
Ethnicity – Asian			-1.894	0.009
Marital Status: Single			1.02	0.000
Age	-0.051	0.001		
Graduation Year			-0.382	0.038

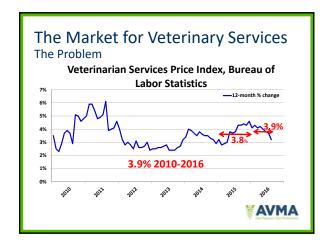
Secondary Traumat	ic Stre	ess S	core	
•	201	5	201	5
	Coefficient	P Value	Coefficient	P Value
(Constant)	26.383	0.000	23.237	0.000
Graduation Year	-0.749	0.000		
Satisfaction with current employment	-1.349	0.000	-1.31	0.000
Hours Worked per week	0.075	0.000	0.072	0.000
Gender: Female=1/ Male=0	1.461	0.000	1.883	0.000
How well your education has prepared you to be a veterinarian	-0.581	0.009	-0.695	0.001
Food animal practice (predominant)			-3.251	0.014
Food animal practice (exclusive)			-2.732	0.017
Companion animal practice (exclusive)			1.724	0.000
Companion animal practice (predominant)			1.278	0.015
State/Local government			-3.817	0.015
Uniformed services	12.997	0.032		
Researcher	12.11	0.005		
Ethnicity - Black/African American			-3.427	0.032
Age			-0.037	0.033
			AVN	IA

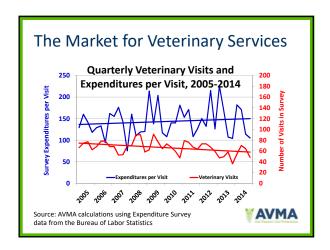


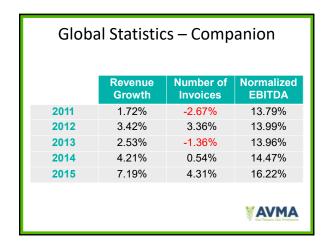


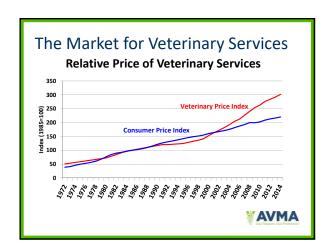


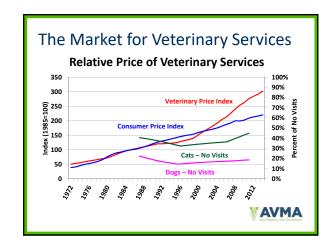










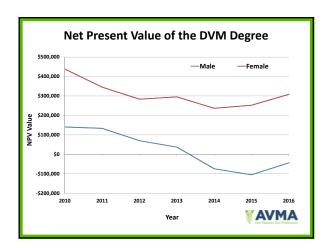


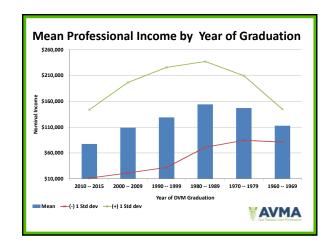
Active F	Pets* (not	: including F up)	eline-only
	Canine	Feline	Other
2010	68%	30%	2%
2015	70%	28%	2%
Change	3%	-7%	
hospital in th	e last 24 mo	e if they have nths.	visited a
Database expanded between	2010 and 2015.		₩ A\/M

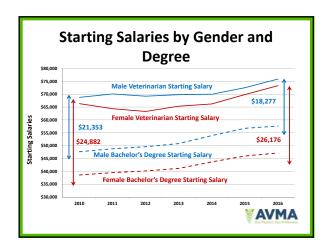


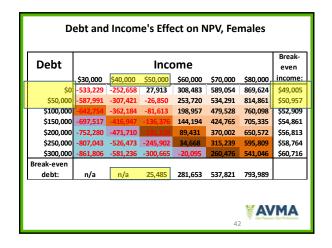
# Less than ½ of practice owners and less than 1/3 of associates rated their personal financial condition "well" (8-10 on a 10-point scale) 1/4 of owners and 30% of associates said they were doing "poorly" 27% of practice owners said they were planning to delay retirement because of the poor financial condition of their practice Lack of confidence in practice's financials noted by 58% of practice owner 1/3 of practice owners reported that they believe the sale of their practice will provide them with a comfortable retirement income 1/3, 1/3, 1/3 rated the financial performance of their practices, as "well," "average" or "poor" Many reported a lack of confidence in their ability to make good financial decisions

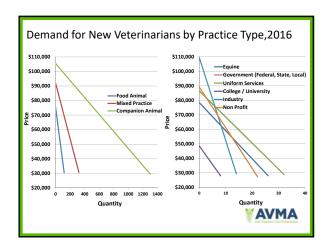


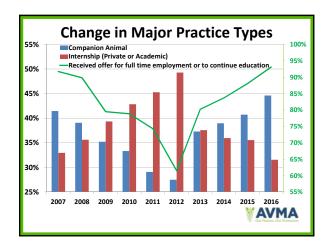


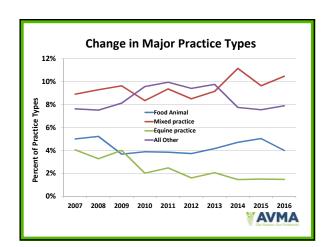


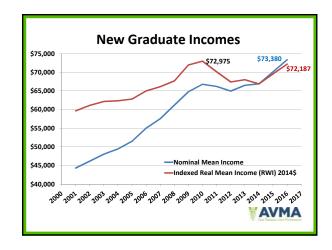


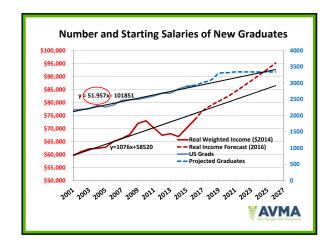


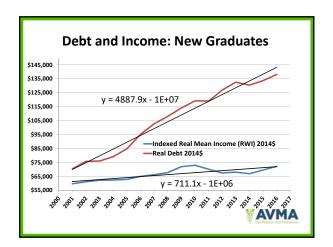


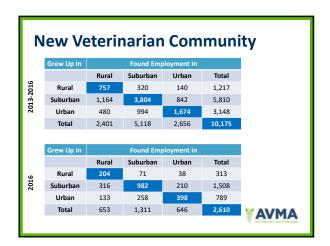


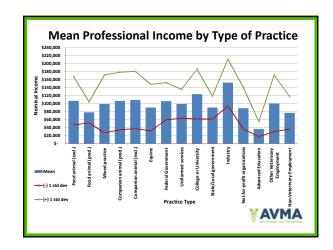


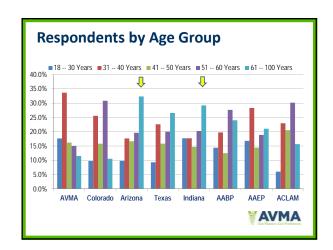


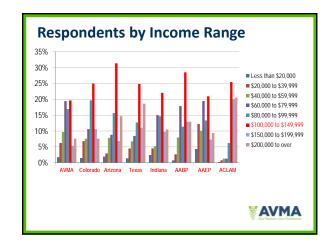


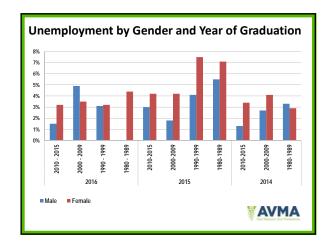


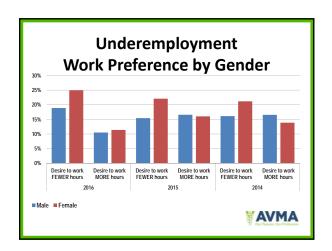


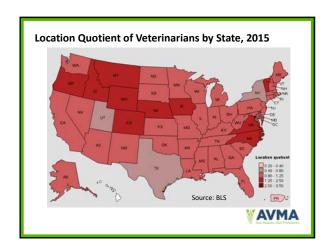


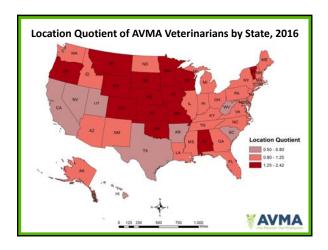


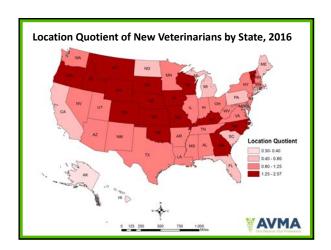


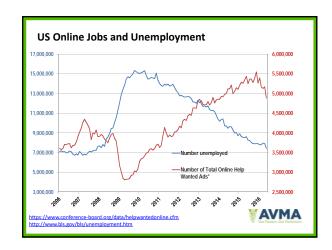


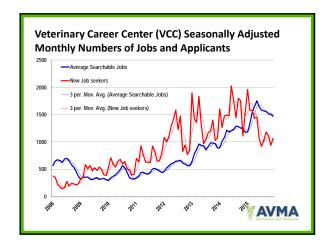


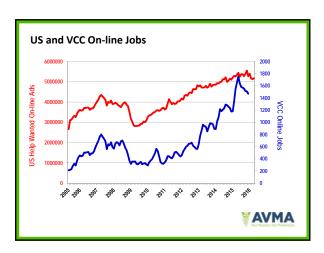


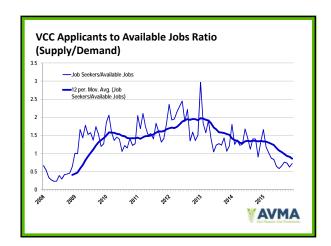


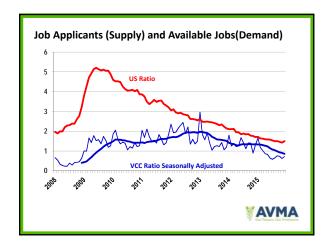


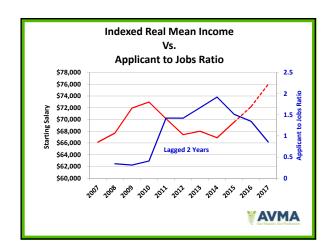


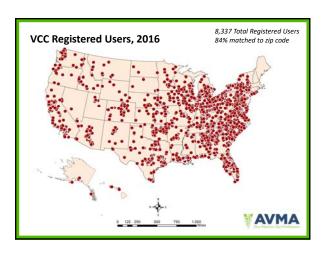


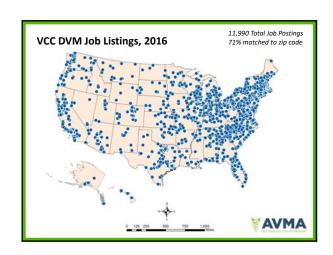






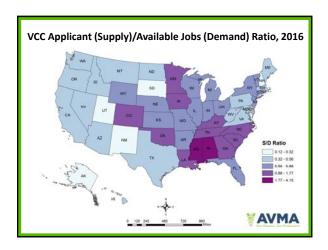








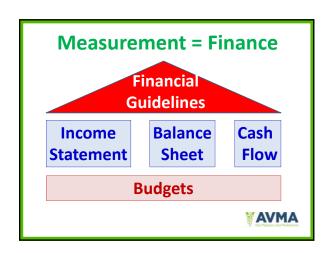


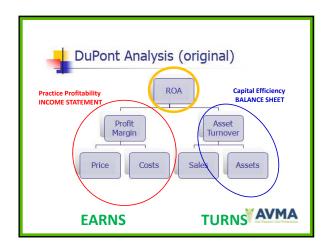


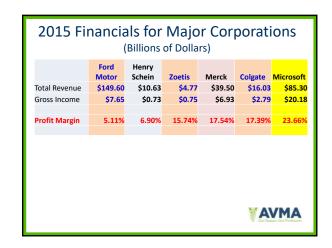
### Average Level of **COMPETENCIES** • Advising Clients On Nutrition 2.89 • Interpretation Of Ultrasound Examinations 2.64 Orthopedic Surgery 2.00 • Management Of Reproductive Programs 2.69 • Evaluation Of Disease Outbreaks 2.93 • Veterinary Medicine A Business 2.54 • Community Educational Presentations 2.87 **WAVMA**

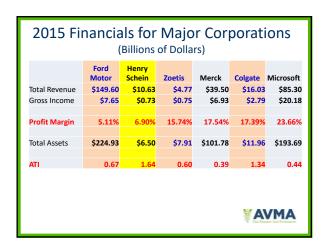


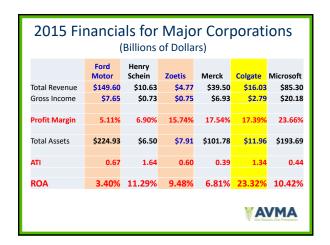












## Why Earns/Turns Are Important?

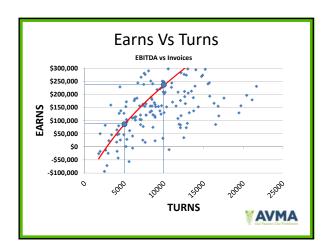
- Profit Margin firm's ability to generate funds internally and thereby increase its sustainable growth (EARNS)
- Total Asset Turnover. Firm's ability to use assets to generate income and reduce capital intensity. (TURNS)
- They are industry specific and should be compared among peer firms

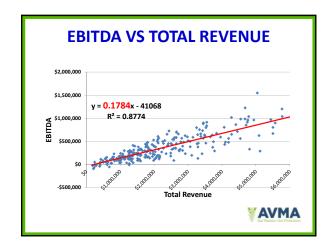


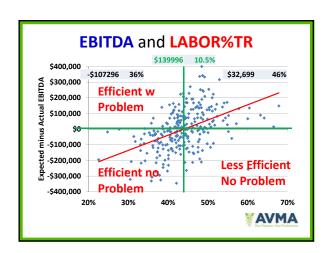
### Focus on Earns or Turns?

- EARNS <u>Price less Cost</u> of goods and services.
- TURNS number of Invoices or Clients
- What is the relationship between EARNS and TURNS?









# Goodwill Value attributed to intangible items like reputation, future growth, brand recognition, or human capital Three Methods to compute Average Profits Average Profit X Number of Years/N Super Profits Profits above average Capitalization of Profits Capital required to generate super profits

